CORRECTIONS

In a recent commentary by Schoenfeld (1), the fourth sentence of the fourth paragraph should read: "Given 90% eradication rates with these antibiotic regimens, laboratory confirmation of H. pylori eradication is only recommended for bleeding, perforated, or refractory ulcers (1, 3)."

Reference

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 Schoenfeld PS. Commentary on "Quadruple therapy eradicated H.pylori-associated peptic ulcer disease better than dual therapy; and Triple therapy eradicated H.pylori infection better than dual therapy." Evidence-Based Medicine. 1996 May-Jun;1:109-10. Comment on: de Boer WA, Driessen WM, Jansz AR, Tytgat GN. Quadruple therapy compared with dual therapy for eradication of Helicobacter pylori in ulcer patients: results of a randomized prospective single-centre study. Eur J Gastroenterol Hepatol. 1995;7:1189-94; and Thijs JC, van Zwet AA, Moolenaar W, Wolfhagen MJ, ten Bokkel Huinink J. Triple therapy vs. amoxicillin plus omeprazole for treatment of Helicobacter pylori infection: a multi-center, prospective, randomized, controlled study of efficacy and side effects. Am J Gastroenterol. 1996;91:93-7.

In a recent EBM note by Altman (1) (British version of the publication only), the

fifth sentence of the seventh paragraph should read: "The Evidence-Based Medicine review did not give the 95% CI for the difference of 2.6%, which is -2% to +8%." In the same note, the eleventh sentence of the seventh paragraph should read: "In this case, however, the 95% CI for the treatment difference of 6% is -7% to +19%."

Reference

 Altman DG. Use of confidence intervals to indicate uncertainty in research findings [EBM note]. Evidence-Based Medicine. 1996 May-Jun;4:102-4.

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