Contents

Editorial
65 Advocating for evidence-informed decisions to make healthcare fit for each person

Patient voices
General medicine
67 Dear doctor, please know that you do not know until I have told you

EBM analysis
69 Estimates of the minimal important difference to evaluate the clinical significance of antidepressants in the acute treatment of moderate-to-severe depression

EBM opinion and debate
General medicine
74 From publication bias to lost in information: why we need a central public portal for clinical trial data

Original research
General medicine
77 SARS-CoV-2 myocarditis: what physicians need to know

Quality of systematic reviews supporting the 2017 ACC/AHA and 2018 ESC/ESH guidelines for the management of hypertension

Short and long-term psychosocial consequences of participating in a colorectal cancer screening programme: a matched longitudinal study

Effect of spin in the abstract of a randomised controlled trial on physiotherapists' perception of treatment benefit: a randomised controlled trial

Evidence synthesis
General medicine
104 Association of study design features and treatment effects in trials of chronic medical conditions: a meta-epidemiological study

Evidence synthesis
General medicine
109 Framework for the synthesis of non-randomised studies and randomised controlled trials: a guidance on conducting a systematic review and meta-analysis for healthcare decision making

Research methods and reporting
120 Adherence in leading medical journals to the CONSORT 2010 statement for reporting of binary outcomes in randomised controlled trials: cross-sectional analysis

Letters
125 Dichotomies: often desired, sometimes dubious and always requiring due diligence

126 Correlation between the use of statins and COVID-19: what do we know?

128 Low carbohydrate diets should NOT be recommended for patients with familiar hypercholesterolaemia

129 Evaluating the performance of high-sensitivity troponin-T in the emergency department during the COVID-19 pandemic