The following articles are abstracted in the Jul/Aug 2004 issue of ACP Journal Club. The declarative title of each abstract as published in ACP Journal Club precedes the article citation.

**THERAPEUTICS**

- Review: Antibiotic prophylaxis of pancreatic necrosis in acute pancreatitis reduces mortality and sepsis

- Review: Etanercept (25 mg subcutaneously twice weekly) reduces symptoms and disease activity in rheumatoid arthritis

- Review: Transfer for primary angioplasty is better than immediate thrombolysis in acute myocardial infarction

- Review: Pneumococcal vaccination does not prevent pneumonia or death in adults

- Review: Interventions targeting intrinsic and environmental risk factors reduce falls in older persons

- Review: Tricyclic and tetracyclic antidepressants are moderately effective for reducing chronic low back pain

- Review: Pravastatin reduced major coronary heart disease (CHD) events in patients with abnormal fasting glucose and a history of CHD

- Review: Enhanced depression care improved arthritis pain and function in older patients

- Review: Levoﬂoxacin-based triple regimens were better than standard quadruple regimens for second-line eradication of Helicobacter pylori

- Review: Valsartan plus captopril did not improve survival more than captopril alone after myocardial infarction

- Review: Early insertion of a pulmonary artery catheter did not increase mortality in shock or the acute respiratory distress syndrome

- Review: Homocysteine-lowering therapy did not prevent stroke recurrence

- Review: Vasopressin was not better than epinephrine for out-of-hospital cardiac arrest

- Review: A disease management program reduced hospital readmission days after myocardial infarction

**DIAGNOSIS**

- Review: Magnetic resonance cholangiopancreatography is accurate for diagnosing biliary disease

- Review: The Canadian C-Spine Rule more accurately identified cervical-spine injury in trauma than the NEXUS Low-Risk Criteria